Indicators for the School Profile¹

Use for the needs assessment

This table contains possible indicators that can be used to complete the school profile that is part of the needs assessment process, and also can be used to develop the schoolwide plan.

Student Demographics	Possible Indicators
□ Enrollment	The number of students in the school; students in
	special programs (Title I, special education, gifted
	and talented), by ethnicity or other meaningful
	categories.
Daily Attendance	Number of students attending school by grade, grade
	span, whole school, or other enrollment category.
25.111.00	The percent of students tardy for classes.
□ Mobility/Stability	The mobility rate is the percentage of children who
	move in and out of a school during a year. The
	stability rate refers to the percent of students who
g i g	remain in the same building for the entire year.
□ Socioeconomic Status	Percent of students receiving free and reduced lunch,
	parents' education level, parents' household income,
- C(1 (D 1)	unemployment rates in the attendance area, etc.
□ Student Behavior	The number or percentage of discipline referrals or
	incidents; the number or percentage of student
	suspensions and expulsions; frequency of gang-
D. Limited English	related, substance abuse or other at-risk behavior.
□ Limited English	The percentage of students with limited English proficiency. The percentage of families who speak
Proficiency	English as a second language.
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Student Achievement	Possible Indicators
□ Academic Performance	State and local tests; levels of proficiency attained;
	progress on desired outcomes: results of
	performance assessments or student portfolios,
	examples of student work, classroom assessments
	and grades.
 Other Performance-based 	Information from portfolios, exhibits, performance
Data	assessments that describe student standards-based
	achievement.

 $^{\rm 1}$ Adapted from Creating a School Profile, RMC Research Corporation, Denver, Colorado ,1998.

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□ Multi-year Trends	Academic achievement data from several years
□ Completion Rates	Promotion/graduation rate, retention rates
□ Comparative Data	Performance of disadvantaged students against all other meaningful categories of students in the school or in the district; comparison of performances of students in various ethnic or programmatic subgroups (i.e., students with learning disabilities, limited English speakers, migrant students, etc.).
□ Post Secondary	Number or percent of students attending and/or completing post-secondary schools; number or percent of students accepted in the armed forces.
Curriculum and Instruction	Possible Indicators
□ Learning Expectations	Expectations that are communicated to the community, teachers, parents and students about what students can and should learn, including written standards, goals or benchmarks that reflect classroom and school practice and are based on State standards.
□ Instructional Program	Instructional activities, programs or strategies used to teach the State content and achievement standards.
□ Instructional Materials	The amount and quality of instructional materials, including textbooks, supplementary resources, publication dates of the grade level-adopted texts; the extent to which available materials are consistent with State standards.
□ Instructional Technology	The extent to which teachers use technology as a means to increase student achievement; type of computer system(s) available to students, faculty and administration for instructional purposes; availability of modern equipment, software and printers, especially appropriate adaptive devices and software tools to serve the needs of students with disabilities.
□ Support Personnel High-quality Professional Staff	Supplementary use of paraprofessionals and other staff; available professional and paraprofessional staff to assist students, particularly the lowest achieving, to include students with disabilities, and those with limited English proficiency. Possible Indicators
□ Staff Preparation	Number of teachers, administrators, years of teaching or administrative experience; types of certificates held, other special skills or knowledge.

	School Mission/Vision	Statement of the underlying philosophy of the school.
	Organization	
	School Context and	Possible Indicators
	Health Services	Availability of school-linked health and social services for students and families, including counselors, psychologists, medical professionals, and nurse practitioners.
	Support for Families	Availability of information, training and services to adequately address the educational needs of students with learning disabilities or special educational needs as a result of poverty, limited English proficiency, or migratory life style.
	Parent Training	The type of training opportunities offered to parents; parent workshop evaluations; evidence of teachers trained in parental involvement.
	Parent Community Roles	Amount and frequency of opportunities for involvement in decision-making.
	Communication with Parents	Amount and frequency of information disseminated to parents, and the quality of information disseminated; use of multiple languages.
	Parental Involvement	Evidence of a parental involvement plan for volunteering, home learning activities, program review and development.
F	amily and Community Involvement	Possible Indicators
		degrees.
	School Administrators	reflects the same ethnic groups as students. Number of administrators and roles; years of experience, specialized training and advanced
	z em z em eg up mes	administration, retirement projections, and an analysis of whether the ethnicity of the school staff
	Staff Demographics	number of professional days or district resources dedicated to professional development; evaluations of professional development sessions and the amount of teacher-generated professional development. Ethnicity, gender breakdowns of staff and
	Professional Development	The existence of district and school-level professional opportunities available to teachers; the
	Staff Specialists, and other Support Staff	Number of content or program specialists such as reading teachers, mathematics or science specialists, counselors or psychologists, social workers, health staff, etc.
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□ Average Class Size	Staff/child ratio, average class size, computed by
	grade or grade spans.
School Climate	The quality of student-teacher interactions, student
	attitudes toward school, teacher job satisfaction,
	teacher expectations and beliefs about what students
	can accomplish.
Coordination Plan	A description of the activities conducted to ensure
	that students' instructional day or program is
	coordinated so that student learning is not
	fragmented.
 Management and 	The presence of engaged principals, teacher input
Governance	into decision-making, the organization of teachers by
	teams.
 Student Discipline Policy 	Clearly defined and articulated student management
	and discipline policy, including policies that pertain
	to students with disabilities.